# **TSS User Guides**

# Supplementary Declarations: Step-by-step guide

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If there are any words or acronyms in this document that are unfamiliar, visit the <u>Jargon</u> <u>Buster</u> or use the search tool on the <u>Northern Ireland Customs & Trade Academy (NICTA)</u> <u>website</u> to find a definition.<sup>1</sup>

This guide includes information on the simplified processes for Internal Market Movements (SPIMM) as part of the Windsor Framework implementation, and enables traders to be prepared for when they take effect.

Throughout this document there will be words highlighted in a **bold**, **blue colour**. This indicates a TSS Portal field name that will support you in completing the actions required.

## 1 Introduction

This guide will outline how to complete a Supplementary Declaration in the Trader Support Service (TSS) Portal as part of the TSS Simplified Procedure. The TSS Simplified Procedure is a two-step customs declaration process that moves goods from Great Britain (GB) to Northern Ireland (NI). This is not the same as the simplified processes for Internal Market Movements (see box below) which applies to eligible UK Internal Market Scheme (UKIMS) traders whose goods are moving entirely within the UK internal market, and who as a result can claim both the fiscal benefit (no tariff) and a process simplification.

**The TSS Simplified Procedure** allows businesses to move goods from GB to NI by making a simplified declaration before the goods move (pre-movement) and then providing the full information about the goods after they have moved (post-movement) for both <u>'not at risk'</u> and <u>'at risk'</u> goods. Further guidance on 'not at risk' and 'at risk' goods can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

The post-movement information that is submitted to HMRC is known as the **Supplementary Declaration**.

Traders moving 'not at risk' goods only from GB to NI, may be able to utilise the simplified processes for Internal Market Movements. To benefit from the simplified processes, traders need to be authorised under the UK Internal Market Scheme (UKIMS). For further guidance on UKIMS and how to apply, refer to <u>GOV.UK</u>. Information on the simplified processes and available journey options can be found on the <u>Simplified processes for Internal Market</u> <u>Movements - Introduction guide</u> and dedicated <u>Internal Market Movement</u> page on NICTA.

This guide covers the completion of the Supplementary Declaration as the final part of the TSS Simplified Procedure.

The TSS Simplified Procedure requires:

<sup>1</sup> Terms used in this guide refer to the terminology used on the TSS Portal. Note that these may not match the most recent terms used on GOV.UK, in HMRC's Customs Declaration System or the Northern Ireland Online Tariff on <u>GOV.UK</u>.



A) A safety and security declaration, the Entry Summary Declaration, which must be done prior to the goods entering NI (usually completed by the carrier)

See the <u>ENS Step-by-step guide: Standard Process and Consignment First Process</u> for further information.

AND

- B) The customs declarations, which are divided into multiple steps:
  - A Simplified Frontier Declaration, usually auto-generated by TSS from the information provided in the Entry Summary Declaration, made before goods movement using a simplified data set
  - A Supplementary Declaration, requiring a full data set which is always completed after the goods move and is used to close the customs journey and pay any required duties and other charges; this step is covered in this guide
    - Submission of the Supplementary Declaration is required by the tenth calendar day of the month following the goods movement
    - Submission of the Supplementary Declaration is the responsibility of the Importer of Record, as indicated by the Importer EORI on the TSS Simplified Frontier Declaration

**NOTE**: For traders who qualify for the simplified processes for Internal Market Movements (SPIMM), TSS has added functionality that allows traders who use the TSS Simplified Procedure to convert the generated Supplementary Declaration to an Internal Market Movement Information (IMMI). No duties are payable on an Internal Market Movement (IMMI). As per the requirements under UKIMS authorisation, for traders completing an Internal Market Movement Information (IMMI) a Final Supplementary Declaration is not required.

• A Final Supplementary Declaration, detailing the number of Supplementary Declarations finalised for a reporting period (arrivals with a tax point date in the previous calendar month) compared to the Supplementary Declarations due, which TSS will automatically submit on your behalf

The TSS Simplified Procedure may be used to move certain goods from GB-NI, subject to the list of supported journeys in the <u>Supplementary Declarations are supported on the TSS</u> <u>Simplified Procedure for the following scenarios</u> section of this guide.

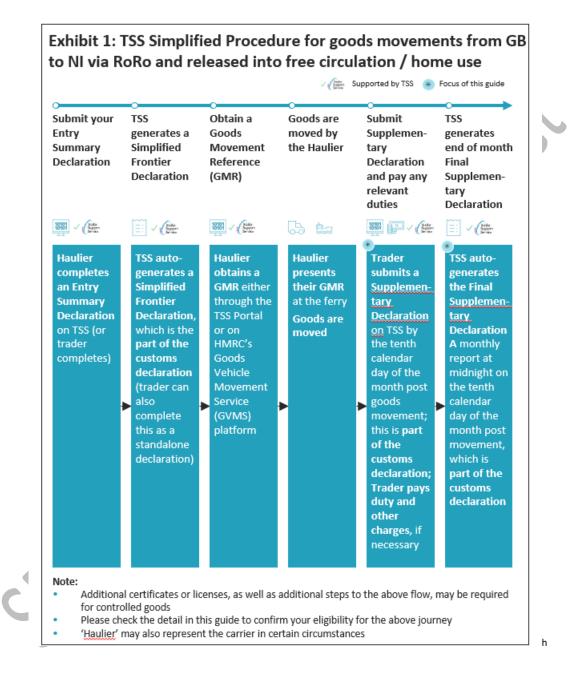
The TSS Simplified Procedure can't be used to import goods direct into NI from Rest of World excluding the European Union (RoW excluding EU). For a full list of exclusions see the <u>Supplementary Declarations are not supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure for the following scenarios</u> section of this guide.

The <u>Appendix</u> has a full list of the journeys for which Supplementary Declarations are and are not supported by TSS and **links to relevant guidance for these journeys**.



#### 1.1 Overview of end-to-end journey for goods movement from GB to NI

**Exhibit 1** shows the end-to-end TSS Simplified Procedure for goods movements from GB to NI via Roll on Roll off (RoRo) and released into free circulation. Exhibit 1 highlights where the Supplementary Declaration sits within this journey.



Click on the links below to navigate to the relevant support materials for each step.

#### **Guidance for steps:**

- Submit your Entry Summary Declaration <u>ENS Step-by-step guide: Standard Process and</u> <u>Consignment First Process</u> on NICTA
- Obtain a Goods Movement Reference <u>Creating a Goods Movement Reference</u> on NICTA

Trader Support Service

- Submit the Supplementary Declaration by the tenth calendar day of the month following the movement
- For help with completing a Supplementary Declaration, see the <u>Step-by-step</u> walkthrough of the <u>TSS Supplementary Declaration process</u> section of this guide
- To pay the relevant duties, see the Payments: Step-by-step guide using TSS on NICTA

TSS supports goods being released into free circulation from GB to NI (as shown in Exhibit 1, above), as well as a range of special customs procedures. See the <u>Reliefs and Duty</u> <u>Suspension: Overview and considerations for data input in TSS declarations</u> guide on NICTA for a full list of what procedures are supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure.

If the special procedure you need is authorised to be used on the TSS Simplified Procedure (see the simplified procedures exclusion list on <u>GOV.UK</u>) but is not yet available within TSS, you must navigate to your Supplementary Declaration in the TSS Portal and select 'Yes' for the question **Any procedure(s) not currently supported by TSS?** to let TSS know you are waiting on a procedure to become available. TSS will notify you when your procedure becomes available to enable you to complete your Supplementary Declaration.

However, if the special procedure you need is not authorised to be used on the TSS Simplified Procedure (as per the simplified procedures exclusion list on <u>GOV.UK</u>), the TSS Full Frontier Declaration journey can be used instead. Refer to the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension</u>: <u>Overview and considerations for data input in TSS declarations</u> guide on NICTA to check if the procedure required is supported in TSS on the Full Frontier Declaration route.

Customs agents (also known as Agents and Intermediaries) may complete declarations on your behalf in TSS if authorised to do so. Customs agents should follow the process in this guide after logging into their agent account and selecting 'represent trader'. Details on how to represent a trader in TSS can be found in <u>A Handbook for Customs Agents and</u> <u>Intermediaries</u> on NICTA.

## 2 How to make the most of the TSS Simplified Procedure

As outlined in the previous section, TSS supports goods moving from GB to NI into free circulation and in certain special procedures as well as certain reliefs, by allowing traders to use TSS to file a Simplified Frontier Declaration.

See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and considerations for data input in TSS</u> <u>declarations</u> guide on NICTA for a full list of what procedures are supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure.

In addition, you may be able to use your own Simplified Customs Declaration Procedure (SCDP) (formerly known as Customs Freight Simplified Procedure (CFSP)) to make Simplified Frontier Declarations.

If you move goods from GB to NI on the TSS simplified journey, and hold your own SCDP authorisation, you can choose to declare goods either using your own, or the TSS SCDP authorisation, provided the procedure is supported on TSS.

TSS supports the use of your own SCDP authorisation, if you are authorised for Simplified Declaration Procedures (SDP). To move goods using your SCDP authorisation on movements from GB to NI, you need to hold an authorisation associated with your XI EORI. You can't use your own SCDP authorisation within TSS for Entry Into Declarant's Records (EIDR).

The following government guidance provides further information on SCDP authorisation types; refer to the government guidance 'Apply to use simplified declarations for imports' on <u>GOV.UK</u>, and 'Making a simplified frontier declaration' on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

When the simplified processes for Internal Market Movements (SPIMM) are not being utilised, the following steps of the TSS Simplified Procedure help traders to complete a Supplementary Declaration for goods movements from GB to NI:

1. Entry Summary Declaration: a safety and security declaration, known in TSS as the Entry Summary Declaration, is required for goods movements from GB to NI

The Entry Summary Declaration must be completed prior to the goods entering NI and is the responsibility of the person operating the means of transport on which the goods are brought into NI. This person is commonly referred to as the carrier.

TSS can support you to generate this declaration for goods moving from or via GB to NI. For controlled goods, additional information will be required on the Entry Summary Declaration. Further guidance is available in the <u>Guidance On Controlled Goods And The</u> <u>Online Tariff Tool</u> on NICTA. As the Entry Summary Declaration is not a customs declaration and is the obligation of the carrier, carriers may choose to use TSS to complete the Entry Summary Declaration, even if the importer wants to make their own arrangements to submit the customs declaration outside of TSS.

Where the carrier chooses to use TSS for the Entry Summary Declaration, but the importer wants to declare the goods outside of TSS, the carrier can select an ENS Only Reason, and no Simplified Frontier Declaration or Supplementary Declaration will be generated. To use this process, you will be required to select an appropriate reason. See the ENS Step-by-step guide: Standard Process and Consignment First Process guide on NICTA for the full list of reasons available.

2. **Simplified Frontier Declaration**: this is the first part of the customs declarations on the TSS Simplified Procedure

A Simplified Frontier Declaration, usually auto-generated by TSS from the information provided in the Entry Summary Declaration, is made before the goods movement using a simplified data set. It is the responsibility of the Importer of Record to ensure the Simplified Frontier Declaration is completed in the TSS portal before the goods are due



to depart from GB and is in an 'Awaiting arrival' state. This will ensure the Supplementary declaration is generated post movement.

3. **Supplementary Declaration**: this is the second part of the customs declaration; this full electronic declaration is required after goods move from GB to NI

TSS will create a 'draft' Supplementary Declaration for you and auto-populate it with some of the required information from the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration already completed through TSS. Some of the pre-populated fields are editable and may be amended where required. TSS will notify HMRC of the changes made accordingly. You must complete the additional data required for the successful submission of the Supplementary Declaration. The Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements on NICTA outlines the data requirements for completing a Supplementary Declaration successfully in TSS.

There are cases where the Supplementary Declaration may not be auto-generated from the Simplified Frontier Declaration. An example of where this might happen is if you are using certain special procedures, where you may need to submit a Full Frontier Declaration. See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and considerations for data</u> <u>input in TSS declarations</u> guide on NICTA for which special procedures require a standalone Supplementary Declaration or Full Frontier Declaration and how to submit these declarations in TSS.

It is the importer's obligation to provide the remaining data, complete and then submit any draft Supplementary Declarations created in TSS where the procedure is available in the TSS Simplified Procedure. See the <u>Appendix</u> of this guide for a full list of the journeys for which Supplementary Declarations are and are not supported by TSS.

# Submission of the Supplementary Declaration in TSS is required by the tenth calendar day of the month following the goods movement.

If you need to complete large volumes of individual Supplementary Declarations per calendar month, you can reduce the number of Supplementary Declarations you submit by consolidating them into **Periodic Declarations**.

**Periodic Declarations** enable you to consolidate Supplementary Declarations that have similar core criteria, resulting in the submission of one collective Supplementary Declaration for the relevant calendar month. You may complete multiple Periodic Declarations in a calendar month for the Supplementary Declarations raised in TSS.

For further details refer to the <u>Periodic Declaration: General Guidance</u> on NICTA.

If duty payment is required, the duty liability calculation is made available on the TSS Supplementary Declaration after the successful submission of the Supplementary Declaration to HMRC's Customs Declaration System (CDS). The <u>Payments: Step-by-step</u> guide using TSS on NICTA has more information on the duty payment process.



4. **A Final Supplementary Declaration** is submitted by TSS at the end of a reporting period for traders using the TSS Simplified Procedure

A Final Supplementary Declaration details the number of Supplementary Declarations finalised for the reporting period compared to the number of Supplementary Declarations due. TSS will generate a Final Supplementary Declaration for all Supplementary Declarations successfully submitted for arrivals with a tax point date in the previous calendar month, also known as a reporting period.

TSS will submit the Final Supplementary Declaration for traders using TSS SCDP authorisation as well as for traders using their own SCDP authorisation in the TSS Portal. For traders using their own SCDP authorisation, there is the provision to submit multiple Final Supplementary Declarations if the trader uses several software packages and completes Supplementary Declarations outside TSS.

TSS has an obligation to complete the Final Supplementary Declaration only for the Supplementary Declarations raised in the TSS Portal.

Traders using their own SCDP authorisation on the TSS Portal will be advised by email that a Final Supplementary Declaration for all Supplementary Declarations in TSS has been submitted successfully on their behalf. These traders will be able to view, print and download their Final Supplementary Declaration reports from their company profile.

The Final Supplementary Declaration reporting is automated and no interaction is required from you.

This guide covers the submission of the Supplementary Declaration and will help you prepare and complete the Supplementary Declaration. It will provide a step-by-step walkthrough of the process.

Step-by-step instructions on how to complete a Supplementary Declaration are covered in the following sections of this guide:

- How can I prepare for the completion of a Supplementary Declaration?
- <u>Step-by-step walkthrough of completing the Supplementary Declarations in TSS</u>

See also the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA, which outlines data requirements for completing a successful Supplementary Declaration in TSS.

# **3** How can I prepare for the completion of a Supplementary Declaration?

There are a few key steps you should undertake before completing a Supplementary Declaration on the TSS Portal.



1. **Ensure you are authorised** under the UK Internal Market Scheme (UKIMS) to declare that your goods are 'not at risk' of moving to the EU

Details on 'not at risk' goods can be found on GOV.UK.

You need to be authorised under UKIMS to obtain the fiscal benefit (zero tariff) when you make your Supplementary Declaration. Further details on UK Internal Market Scheme and how to get authorised can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

- 2. **Check if you can claim a customs duty waiver.** If your goods are 'at risk' (of moving into the EU), you may be able to claim a waiver on tariffs. More details on how to claim a customs duty waiver can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>
- 3. See the <u>Tariffs on goods movements into NI</u> guide for step-by-step instructions on options to minimise your tariff exposure, or watch the <u>Tariffs on goods entering NI –</u> what are your options? webinar on NICTA

It is highly recommended that you consult this guidance, so you do not pay more than you need to.

- 4. **Ensure that you hold the data required** for completion of the Supplementary Declaration:
  - For an overview of data required for standard goods, refer to the <u>Supplementary</u> <u>Declarations: Checklist for traders of standard goods</u> guide on NICTA
  - For a more comprehensive list of data required, refer to the <u>Data guide: TSS</u> <u>declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA
- 5. Determine the Commodity code for the goods that you move

Guidance on finding commodity codes for imports can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>. It's recommended that once the commodity codes are determined you keep the commodity code page on <u>GOV.UK</u> open to help you consult the requirements and conditions.

If eligible, you may consider using grouping simplification, to reduce the number of items you need to declare on the Supplementary Declaration if the goods are eligible for grouping. For more information and requirements on using grouping simplification refer to the <u>Simplify your customs declarations: group goods under once commodity code</u> guide on NICTA.

#### 6. Identify whether your goods are eligible for the preferential tariff

See <u>GOV.UK</u> guidance on claiming preference and how to identify whether or not you can claim preferential treatment under the relevant trade agreements.

7. Determine the Procedure Code and Additional Procedure Code you are using for the goods



Duty, import VAT, and/or excise duty relief can be claimed depending on the **Procedure Code** and **Additional Procedure Code** used if you are eligible and the codes are applicable to your goods movement.

• A Procedure Code is a four-digit code and is used to identify the requested procedure the goods are going into (such as Free Circulation), and the previous procedure they are coming from (for example, Customs Warehousing)

See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and considerations for data input in</u> <u>TSS declarations</u> guide on NICTA for more information on what Procedure Codes are supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure.

 An Additional Procedure Code is a three-digit code used to identify any supplementary conditions that apply to your goods

See the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA for more information on Additional Procedure Codes supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure. Further explanation and an index list can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>: Appendix 2 contains the specific completion rules instruction for each three-digit Union and National Additional Procedure Code that can be used for imports.

8. Pay any charges

Any charges due on Supplementary Declarations submitted through the TSS Portal can be paid through:

 Your Duty Deferment Account (DDA): this appears as 'Deferred Payment' in the TSS Portal

This allows the deferment of duty, import VAT, excise and other charges. No payment through TSS is required.

• **Card payment through TSS** ('TSS DDA' in the TSS Portal): this Duty Deferment Account (DDA) owned by TSS allows the deferment of duty, import VAT, excise, and other charges

This option uses the TSS DDA to pay HMRC for customs debt on your behalf. TSS will ask you to make a payment of any customs debt through the TSS Portal.

Refer to the <u>Payments: Step-by-step guide using TSS</u> for detailed information for all available **Methods of Payment (MoP)** in TSS.

#### 9. Keep relevant documents

You may need to **keep copies of the following documentation ready**, which will help you complete your Supplementary Declaration:

- Commercial invoice and other customs paperwork (for example, packing list)
- Documents relating to licensing/prohibitions and restrictions (if applicable)



• If you are seeking to use the preference in the UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA), you will need to keep documents relating to the origin of the product so you can demonstrate proof that the goods satisfy the origin requirements of the TCA

# 4 Step-by-step walkthrough of the TSS Supplementary Declaration process

This section provides a step-by-step walkthrough of how to complete a Supplementary Declaration on the TSS Portal. Refer to the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA for support with each data element.

### 4.1 Populate consignment (header) level information

As an importer using **the TSS Simplified Procedure**, you will have to complete the draft Supplementary Declaration that is auto-generated in TSS after the goods have arrived at the NI Point of Entry and the related pre-lodged Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration receives 'Arrived' status in TSS.

TSS will auto-populate several fields in the Supplementary Declaration for each arrived consignment from the data provided on the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration. The step-by-step instructions below specify which fields are auto-populated and which fields must be manually populated. Contact the <u>TSS Contact Centre</u> or raise a case via the <u>TSS Portal</u> if you need further support to complete a Supplementary Declaration.

# 4.2 Completing your Supplementary Declaration at the consignment (header) level

Navigate to the Supplementary Declaration by logging into the <u>TSS Portal</u>, and then click on the **Goods Movements** tab at the top of the page, followed by **View a Goods Movement**.

	Goods Movements ▼	Maritime Inventory	NI - GB Moves	Cases	Payments	Trader Goods Profile
Sta	rt a Goods Movement					
Vie	w a Goods Movement					
Sea	arch a Goods Movement					

All draft Supplementary Declarations will be listed on the View Goods Movement page of the TSS Portal via the Supplementary Declarations (by consignment) section, in the subsection labelled Draft SUP Declarations or via the Quick Filter; Supplementary Declarations (SD) Draft:

Supplementary Declarations: Step-by-step guide

							Trader Support Service
Home > View Go	ods Movements				Search a	ll Goods Movements	c
In preparation for the S	implified Process for			e has been redesigned an t these changes and how		in the list below have I	been renamed. Learn
<b>/iew Goo</b>	ds Move	ement					
	Pre-movem	ient to-dos			Post-mover	ment to-dos	
Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Draft 3325	Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Input Required 492	Full Frontier Declarations (FFD): Input Required 559	Simplified Frontier Declarations (SFD): Input Required 1392	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Draft 6023	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Input Required 1203	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Overdue 7285	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Pending payment 22
elect Type and Sta	tus to view Goo	ds Movements an	nd Declarations				^
Туре				Status			
Goods Movements (by	movement)		~	Draft SUP Declarations			~
Goods Movement (by c	onsignment)		~	Input Required SUP Declarations			
Internal Market Movem	ent Information (by c	onsignment)	~	Processing SUP Declarations			
SFD Declarations (by m	ovement)		~	Pending Payment SUP Declarations			~
SFD Declarations (by co	onsignment)		~	Tax Calculation Verification Declarations			~
Supplementary Declara	tions (by consignme	nt)	×	Payment Received SUP Declarations			~
Post Movement Interna	I Market Movement I	nformation (by consign	nment) 🗸	Final Processing SUP Declarations			~
Full Frontier Declaration	ns (by consignment)		~	Fiscal Hold SUP Declarations			~
				Closed SUP Declaration	5		~
				Cancelled SUP Declarations			~

Use the **Search tab** or **Created period** drop-down to navigate to the Supplementary Declaration that is required.

Open the Supplementary Declaration record by clicking on the Local Reference Number.

Local Reference Number	Trader Reference	Importer Account	Exporter Name	Status	Period Declaration - Calendar Mo
SUP000000005000787		Trader Five	Trader Five	Draft	
SUP000000005000785	R24-S73-H8- 9627-006	Trader Five	Trader Five	Draft	
SUP000000005000784	R24-S73-H8- 9627-007	Trader Five	Trader Five	Draft	

Supplementary	Declarations:	Step-by-step	guide
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					Support Service		
Supplementary Declarations (by consignment) - Draft SUP Declarations							
Local Reference Number	Importer Account	Status	Arrival Date/Time	Does Consignment contain goods subject to control, licence or certification of the subject to control, licence or certification of the subject to control of the subject to co	fication? Any procedure(s) no		
SUP0000000085906	Trader Two.	Draft	20/11/2023 22:41:08	No			
SUP0000000085904	Trader Two.	Draft	27/11/2023 15:16:57	Yes	No		

#### 4.2.1 Previous Movement Information

Clicking the drop-down arrow on the **Previous Movement Information** banner will list the following fields:

Home > Goods Movement > SUP0000000000000000000	
Previous Movement Information	<b></b>
revious Movement Information	

- ENS Declaration Reference a unique identifier for the Entry Summary Declaration associated with your consignment
- SFD Declaration Reference used for the Frontier Declaration, this will be a unique identifier for the consignment associated with your Supplementary Declaration
- Arrival Information the date and location of your goods arrival
- Transport Document Number the reference number of the applicable transport document
  - For RoRo, this is the reference number of the Road Consignment (CMR) note
  - For sea, this is the Bill of Lading reference number issued by the carrier or their agent
    - For air, this is the Air Waybill reference number issued by the carrier or their agent

If required, you can also use the Entry Summary Declaration and Simplified Frontier Declaration references to find the respective entries for this consignment. See the <u>How to</u> <u>use the TSS Portal</u> guide on NICTA for more support.

#### 4.2.2 Consignment (header) level data completion

Within the Supplementary Declaration, some fields of data are auto-populated by the TSS Portal, and other fields will require additional input of data before submission of your Supplementary Declaration.

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- 1. A Local Reference Number will be auto-generated for your declaration starting with the prefix 'SUP' and this will be unique to the consignment
- 2. An SFD Declaration Reference number will be auto-populated to reflect the declaration reference for the consignment (header) level data of the previous declaration
- 3. Select the Goods Domestic Status from the drop-down
  - This defaults to 'NIDOM (UK domestic status goods)' which applies to the majority of GB to NI movements
  - 'NIIMP (Non-UK domestic status goods)' is used for goods coming to NI from the Rest of the European Union (RoW excluding EU) or when entering or being diverted from a special procedure

* Goods Domestic Status	
None 🔺	
٩	
None	
NIDOM (UK domestic status goods)	
NIIMP (Non-UK domestic status goods)	
	-

4. The Status of the declaration is read-only and changes after submission

This will be in 'Draft' status when starting a declaration and will automatically update as the declaration is processed.

5. Which type of declaration do you intend to make?

The TSS Portal will default to the first option of the 'Declaration for release for free circulation or end-use' procedure. Traders must ensure the correct type of declaration is selected for their goods at time of movement into NI. Check whether your goods are going to be released into free circulation or whether they are going into a special procedure. Select the type of declaration that applies to the unique circumstances/ conditions of the movement.

* Which type of declaration do you intend to make?
٩
None
Declaration for release for free circulation or end-use (includes 07XX, 40XX, 42XX, 44XX, 61XX PCs)
Declaration for temporary admission (includes 53XX PCs)
Declaration for inward processing (includes 51XX PCs)

Special procedures require the entry of a specific **Procedure Code**. For customs special procedures, you need to be aware of the procedure and additional procedure codes



that TSS is supporting. See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and</u> <u>considerations for data input in TSS declarations</u> guide on NICTA.

6. Answer the Any procedure(s) not currently supported by TSS? question

If your **Procedure Code** is not available in the TSS Portal, you must answer 'Yes' to this question. TSS will contact you once the **Procedure Code** is available in the TSS Portal for use. You can save and exit the Supplementary Declaration and complete it once the procedure code is available.

* Any procedure(s) not currently supported by TSS?	
None	
Yes	
No	

 In the Parties section, check that the EORI numbers for the Importer EORI (the GB or XI EORI number of the declarant/person bringing the goods into NI) and the Exporter EORI are correct (as per the Incoterm agreed between parties)

If incorrect, contact the <u>TSS Contact Centre</u> by raising a case via the TSS Portal.

**Note:** If you are declaring goods 'not at risk' by using NIREM, you must use the EORI number that is associated with your UKIMS authorisation in the **Importer EORI** field. If a non-UKIMS-associated EORI was used as the Importer EORI at Entry Summary Declaration (ENS) / Simplified Frontier Declaration (SFD) stage, TSS will replace the non-UKIMS associated EORI number with your UKIMS-aligned EORI number if this information is available on your Company Profile.

- 8. **Importer Parent Organisation EORI** is an optional field for cases where a child company is using a parent company DDA for the deferment of duty, import VAT, excise, and other charges
  - The field is visible only if **Do you need to use a Parent Organisation Authorisation** • **on your declarations** is answered with '**Yes**' on the company profile. In these cases the **Importer Parent Organisation EORI** is either auto-populated with the relevant GB or XI parent company EORI number or is blank and editable depending on the company profile set up

Parties	
* Importer EORI	Importer Parent Organisation EORI
GB000012340005	



 If Do you need to use a Parent Organisation Authorisation on your declarations is answered with 'No' on the company profile, the Importer Parent Organisation EORI field is not visible or available for input on the Supplementary Declaration

Should you wish to use the DDA of your parent company to defer customs charges, review the **Do you need to use a Parent Organisation Authorisation on your declarations** field in your company profile and make the respective changes. For details on how to do so see the Registration: Step-by-step guide using TSS on NICTA.

**Note:** functionality for you to have visibility, authorise and manage related parties (for example, Carrier, Haulier, ENS Submitter and Exporter) on your declarations is in the '**Related Parties**' section in the Company profile.

This functionality is not triggered for Agents acting on behalf of the Importer.

9. The **Transport Details** section is auto-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration data submission

**Note:** If completing a standalone Supplementary Declaration (where you haven't submitted your Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration through TSS), you will need to populate these fields with the relevant supporting data for the goods movement.

Transport Details			
* Total Packages		Nationality of Means of Transport	
20		United Kingdom 🕺	٣
*Type of Movement		Identity Number of Transport	
RoRo (Accompanied / Unaccompanied)	٣	MB80 MBB	
			_

#### 10. Total Packages is tallied with the item line totals

*Total Packages
12

11. Nationality of Means of Transport is the nationality of the active means of transport crossing the border

;	*Nationality of Means of Transport			
	United Kingdom	×	•	

12. **Type of Movement** refers to the mode of transportation at the border – this is the active means of transport used for the goods to arrive in NI



_		
1	* Type of Movement	
	RoRo (Accompanied / Unaccompanied)	
		٩
	None	
	RoRo (Accompanied / Unaccompanied)	-
	Air	

13. Identity Number of Transport relates to the means of transport on which the goods are directly loaded on at the time of presentation at the customs office of import (for example, the vehicle registration number of the truck for RoRo cargo)

* Identity Number of Transport	$\nabla$

14. Destination Country will default to 'United Kingdom' for NI

If onward supply relief (OSR) procedure is being used the destination code should not be GB or IM; the country of destination must be an EU member state (for example, Ireland)

* Destination Country			
United Kingdom		×	¥

15. **Trader Reference** is a free-text field populated by the declarant/submitter in the Entry Summary Declaration at consignment (header) level

Trader Reference				

The text is carried through to the Simplified Frontier Declaration and Supplementary Declaration from the Entry Summary Declaration. You should update this field with your own additional information (for example, a movement reference number for the goods, purchase order number, or a collection point).

16. Confirm any additions or deductions to the customs value in the Header Additions/ Deductions section



Header Additions/Deductions			
Freight Charge	Freight Charge Currency		
	Pounds Sterling 3	c	*
Insurance	Insurance Currency		
	Pounds Sterling 3	¢	٣
VAT Adjustment	VAT Adjustment Currency		
	Pounds Sterling a	ĸ	٠

In this section, depending on your **Incoterms**, you may need to declare any **Freight Charge**, **Insurance**, or **VAT Adjustment** for your value build up. For further information see the <u>How to use Incoterms®2020</u> guide on NICTA or the International trade contracts and incoterms overview on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

The currency defaults to 'Pounds Sterling' but can be amended to another currency if required.

For consignments where more than one Supplementary Declaration is raised, the amounts in these fields must be apportioned across all subsequent Supplementary Declarations. For details on how to apportion costs, refer to the <u>Data guide: TSS</u> <u>declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA.

In the Invoices and Goods section at the consignment (header) level, you will see the Warehouse Identifier and Supervising Customs Office fields, which require completion for goods under special procedures described in the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension</u>: Overview and considerations for data input in TSS declarations guide on NICTA. For goods where the declaration for release for free circulation or 'end-use' procedure is used, leave those fields blank.

Invoices and Goods		
Warehouse Identifier	Supervising Customs Office	
		Ŧ

17. Where a fixed rate of exchange is stipulated in the contract of sale and is being used to convert currency and declare Freight Charge and Insurance in 'Pounds Sterling' in the Header Additions/Deductions section, you should enter it in the Exchange Rate field for evidence purposes

Alternatively leave the **Exchange Rate** field blank.

Exchange Rate			

18. Select the associated INCOTERM using the drop-down list





INCOTERM	
None	
	٩
None	
Ex works	
Free carrier	
Carriage paid to	
Carriage and insurance paid to	
Delivered at terminal	
Delivered at place	
Delivered duty said	•

19. The Location of Goods is a drop-down menu of the border locations for ports and airports (locations) of entry

If this field is pre-populated, you cannot complete the Location of Goods (if not in list above). This must be the final clearing location of the goods.

×	٠
	×

20. The Location of Goods (if not in list above) is a free-text field for use where the location of customs clearance is inland from the port or for special procedures

If this field is populated, you cannot complete the Location of Goods.

Location of Goods	
	Ŧ
Location of Goods (if not in list above)	

#### 21. Delivery Location Country will default to 'United Kingdom'

Delivery Location Country			
United Kingdom	×	٠	

#### 22. Add the Delivery Location Town





Delivery Location Town	
BELFAST	

This is the place where the goods are delivered to (the town listed on the delivery address). You do not have to complete this field or the **Delivery Location Town** field if the **UN/LOCODE** is completed.

23. The UN/LOCODE is the location up to which the Incoterms apply

UN/LOCODE		
	<b>v</b>	

Use this field to search for the correct code or select from the drop-down menu. You can view the country and town/city associated with the code when searching. If you complete this field, you do not have to complete the **Delivery Location Country** or the **Delivery Location Town**.

- 24. Use Postponed VAT Accounting? This question is only relevant if you are importing:
  - From 'RoW excluding EU' to NI
  - Non-domestic goods entered under a customs special procedure in GB for release into free circulation in NI
  - From the Channel Islands of Jersey and Guernsey (which are considered as RoW excluding EU locations for VAT purposes) to NI

Respond 'No' to the question **Use Postponed VAT Accounting?** if there is no VAT liability and/or the goods are 'NIDOM' status.

	*Use Postponed VAT Accounting?
	No
	٩
$\sim$	None
	Yes
	No
L	

#### 25. Then, press Save (Ctrl + s)

Home > Goods Movement	> <u>SUP00000005002103</u>	
Add to Periodic Declaration	Submit	Save (Ctri - s)



#### 4.2.3 Related records at the consignment (header) level

At the bottom of the consignment (header) level form, there are several tabs (**Related Records**) that hold details of your consignment. See the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data</u> <u>requirements</u> on NICTA for a detailed explanation on each of these tabs and fields:

- Goods Records goods items within the consignment
- Header Additions/Deductions for other types of additions/deductions not listed above; for a complete list of all types of additions and deductions you may need to declare, see Appendix 10 on <u>GOV.UK</u>
- Header Previous Document
- Holder of Authorisation
- Guarantee Type
- Duty Total

Goods Records 1	Heade	er Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Document 2	Holder Of Authorisation (3)	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
	New	Import Previous Good(s)	Apply Scan			

The number in red on the tab relates to the total number of records detailed within the tab.

1. Goods Records

Use this tab to update information on your goods at an item line. Populate item line information in this section.

Goods Records 1	Header Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Docum	nent 🙆 Holder Of	Authorisation 3	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
Goods Records	5 New Import Previous Good(s)	Apply Scan				
Goods Description	Goods Item Number Commodity Co	de Country of Origin Na	ational Additional Code	Procedure Code	Item Gross Mass (KG)	Number of Packages

#### 2. Header Additions/Deductions

Use this tab to add consignment additions/deductions not captured in the earlier fields (in addition to previously entered freight charges, insurance, and VAT adjustment). For a complete list of all types of additions and deductions you may need to declare, see Appendix 10 on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

Goods Records 🏮	Header Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Document (2) Hol	older Of Authorisation 3	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
■ Goods Records	New Import Previous Good(s)	Apply Scan			
Goods Description Go	ods Item Number Commodity Code	e Country of Origin National Additional	l Code Procedure Code	Item Gross Mass (KG)	Number of Packages

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Click **New** to add a new addition or deduction. Complete the details on the form using the selection list for the **Header Addition/Deduction Code**, adding the associated positive or negative value to the **Header Addition/Deduction Value** field. For example, if the goods are being moved under the **Incoterm** Ex works (EXW), the freight charge must be declared here as a positive value under the **Header Addition/Deduction Value**.

E Header Additions/Deductions - new record			Ø
Header Additions/Deductions Header Addition / Deduction Reference		Header Addition / Deduction Code	
SUP0000000062117	Ψ.	None	→ ×
Header Addition / Deduction Value		Header Addition / Deduction Currency	
		Pounds Sterling	Ψ.
			Save (Ctrl + s)
			X

#### 3. Header Previous Document

Use this tab to show the list of documents linked to this consignment. Some of these documents are added automatically by TSS and are visible to you on this tab.

Goods Records 1 Header Ad	ditions/Deductions Header	r Previous Document 🙆 Holder Of Authorisation 🧃	Guarantee Type Duty Total	
E Header Previous Document New				
Consignment Reference	Previous Document Type	Previous Document Reference	Previous Document Class	
SUP00000005000787	CLE	20240726	Y	
5UP00000005000787 DCR 4X1000012340005-000000010003684		Y		

Additional Header Previous Documents can be added at the consignment (header) level by selecting the New button and completing the details on the form.

The fields are populated as follows:

The **Previous Document Class** options are 'Y' (initial declaration of goods under simplified procedure) or 'Z' (previous document)

**NOTE:** 'X' must not be used for **Previous Document Class** on Supplementary Declarations.

■ Header Previous Document - new record	Ø
Header Previous Document Consignment Reference	Previous Document Class
SUP0000000192905 *	None
Goods Item Identifier	٩
	None X
	Y
	z





• The Previous Document Type field uses a drop-down list

Header Previous Document - new record		Ø
Header Previous Document		
Consignment Reference	Previous Document Class	
SUP0000000192905 v	None	*
Goods Item Identifier	Previous Document Type	
	None	•
		٩
	None	*
	235	
	270	
	271	
	325	
Required information Previous Document Class Previous Document Type Previous Document Reference	337	
	355	

See <u>GOV.UK</u> for a full list of document types.

• **Previous Document Reference** is a free-text field that allows you to add up to 35 characters as a reference for that document

■ Header Previous Document - new record			Ø
Header Previous Document Consignment Reference		Previous Document Class	
SUP00000000192905	Ψ.	None	*
Goods Item Identifier		Previous Document Type	
		None	*
		Previous Document Reference	
		Save	e (Ctrl + s)

4. The Holder Of Authorisation tab enables the importer to declare the type of customs authorisation held

Goods Records 1	Header Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Document 2	Holder Of Authorisation (3)	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
	risation New				

You should use this data field to declare the EORI number against the appropriate authorisation type code. This should be done for each type of authorisation required to declare the goods to the customs procedure.

If you are importing goods for release into free circulation (which will apply to most GB-NI movements), you don't need to enter specific authorisations into this field.

If you are using a special procedure (customs procedures other than release into free circulation), you should check the procedure completion notes on <u>GOV.UK</u> to determine requirements and if a specific Authorisation Type Code is required.



#### Note:

- TSS supports the use of a trader's own SCDP authorisation if they are authorised for Simplified Declaration Procedures (SDP)
- You cannot use your own SCDP authorisation within TSS for Entry in Declarants Record (EIDR)

The corresponding authorisation decision number must be declared in the **Document Reference (DE 2/3)** tab at the item line against the respective **Document Code**.

When completing a Supplementary Declaration in TSS the Holder of Authorisation, Authorisation Type Code, and Authorisation Role ID will be auto-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration but can be edited if needed. Note, TSS will inform HMRC if you edit this field.

Goods Records 🚺 Header Additions/	Deductions Header Previous Document	2 Holder Of Authorisation 3	Guarantee Typ	pe Duty Total
Holder Of Authorisation New				
Authorisation Role Type	Authorisation Type Code	Authorisation Role ID	EORI	EORI Unknown
łA	DPO	GB000012340005	t	false
łA	EIR	XI000012340001	t	false
AF	CGU	GB000012340005	t	false
<ul> <li>Rows 1 - 3 of 3</li> </ul>				

#### Note: The Authorisation Role ID is the EORI number of the holder of authorisation.

Holder Of Authorisation - new record	Ø
Holder Of Authorisation Consignment Reference SUP000000000192905	Authorisation Role ID
Authorisation Type Code           ·· None ··         *	Authorisation Role Type HA *
	Save (Ctri + s)

The **Authorisation Type Code** can be selected from the drop-down list if it needs to be edited. See <u>GOV.UK</u> for a full list of type codes.

Supplementary Declarations: Step-by-step guide



E Holder Of Authorisation - new record			Ø
Holder Of Authorisation Consignment Reference		Authorisation Role ID	
SUP00000000192905	Ψ.		
Authorisation Type Code		Authorisation Role Type	
None		HA	*
	Q,	·	
None	<u>^</u>	Save (Ctrl	+ s)
ACE			
ACP			
ACR			
ACT			
AEOC			
AEOF			
AE00	•		

#### 5. Duty Total

This tab is used to advise how much duty will be paid on your consignment. The fields will be populated after the declaration is submitted and once duty total has been calculated. This is a read-only field.

E Duty Total No records in Duty Total using that filter	Goods Records 🏮	Header Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Document 2	Holder Of Authorisation 3	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
No records in Duty Total using that filter	Duty Total					
	No records in Duty Te	otal using that filter				

### 4.3 Completing your Supplementary Declaration at the item line

To add goods items to your consignment, you must select the **New** button on the **Goods Records** tab shown below:

Goods Records 🚺	Header Additions/Deducti	ons Header Previous Do	cument 2 Holder Of	Authorisation 3	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
■ Goods Records	New Import Previous G	ood(s) Apply Scan				
Goods Description	Goods Item Number Commo	dity Code Country of Origin	National Additional Code	Procedure Code	Item Gross Mass (KG)	Number of Packages
	•					

Update the item line information on goods in the **Goods Records** tab. An item is described as a set of goods with the same commodity code and country of origin. **Client Job Number**, **Consignment Parent** and **Goods Reference Number** will all be auto-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration.

If you wish to add more item lines to your consignment, press the Save and Add New button to save the current item record and automatically open a new goods item line record for you to complete. Supplementary Declarations: Step-by-step guide

	Trader Support Service
Home > Goods Movement > SUP0000000000001732 > ML-10935-011	
Delete Item Save and Add New	Save (Ctrl - s)

Alternatively press the Save (Ctrl + s) button to close the record and proceed with submission.

#### 4.3.1 Import previous goods

If you declare the same type of goods on a regular basis, you do not have to repeat all the steps to complete a Supplementary Declaration from scratch. Instead, you can copy item line goods information from one Supplementary Declaration to another. You must know the **Local Reference Number** of the declaration you want to copy the item line information from before you use this tool.

- 1. Open the draft Supplementary Declaration you want to populate
- 2. Navigate down to the bottom of the page to the **Goods Records** tab and select the **Import Previous Good(s)** button to open a new page

Goods Records 1 He	der Additions/Deductions	Header Previous Document (2)	Holder Of Authorisation (3)	Guarantee Type	Duty Total
	Import Previous Good(s)	Apply Scan			

3. Enter the Local Reference Number (LRN) of the past Supplementary Declaration from which you want to import goods items

SDI to import from	
ſ	
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	2
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	3
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	4
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	5
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	В
SUP000000000000000000000000000000000000	2
SUP0000000000000000	7

 Select the Goods to import from the drop-down menu, which will populate once you complete the SDI to import from field, then search for a specific goods item by entering the Commodity Code or Goods Description

Goods to import		
2204214310	2204214310	

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5. Press the **Submit** button once the goods have been selected

You will then be taken back to your declaration automatically and the goods item will be copied.

Import goods from another SDI Use this form to import goods items information to another SDI.	-	Subm	it
Use this form to import goods items mormation to another SDI.			
SUP0000000062116	¥ .		
* SDI to import from			
SUP00000000001034	× ×		
* Goods to import			
<b>x</b> 2204214310			

- 6. Importing data from one Supplementary Declaration to another Supplementary Declaration:
  - Will auto-populate:
    - All editable fields from the copied goods item
    - Any attached documents
  - Will **not** auto-populate:
    - Read-only and TSS-generated fields
    - Document ID
    - Reference Price
    - Invoice Number
    - Licence Number
      - **Item Price**

Additions and deductions

Net Mass and Gross Mass

Supplementary Units

You can add up to 99 items to a Supplementary Declaration. If you try to add a new goods item record to a Supplementary Declaration that already has 99 goods items associated with it, a message will be displayed stating '99 goods items limit has been reached, please raise another Supplementary Declaration to continue adding goods items'.

You can create multiple Supplementary Declarations if you have more than 99 items.



The **Copy Consignment** option can be used to create a new Supplementary Declaration, copying all relevant information from the existing record into a new Supplementary Declaration.

The following fields will **not** be copied from the original Supplementary Declaration to subsequent Supplementary Declarations. These fields need to be manually split and apportioned across all Supplementary Declarations.

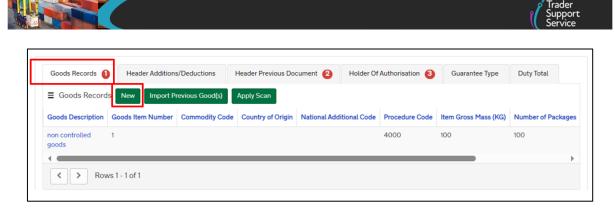
- Any Header Additions/Deductions fields including:
  - Freight Charge
  - Freight Charge Currency
  - Insurance
  - Insurance Currency
  - VAT Adjustment
  - VAT Adjustment Currency
- Total Packages
- Goods Records
- Duty Total (also known as Calculation of Taxes Total)
- Local Reference Number
- Status of the declaration (unique to the Supplementary Declaration)

You can view all Supplementary Declarations associated with an Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration by using the Simplified Frontier Declaration list view on the TSS Portal and filtering on related Supplementary Declarations. Each Supplementary Declaration has a unique LRN, which can be used to distinguish it from any others.

The **Declaration Unique Consignment Reference** (DUCR) number in the **Header Previous Document** tab is a unique consignment reference number that links the Entry Summary Declaration, the Simplified Frontier Declaration and the Supplementary Declaration associated.

#### 4.3.2 Adding new goods and updating item line information

Add new goods items or update item line information from the Goods Records tab.



For Goods Information, some fields may be auto-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration data submission (for example, the Commodity Code, Procedure Code, and Additional Procedure Code) if the goods were declared as controlled on the Entry Summary Declaration.

Goods Information				
*Commodity Code			National Additional Code	
0406200000	×	٣		,
TARIC Additional Code			* Country of Origin	
			United Kingdom 🗶	,
CUS Code			Country of Preferential Origin	
				,
* Preference			* NI Additional Information Codes	
100	ж	٠	None	,
* Procedure Code			* Additional Procedure Code	
4000	ж	٣	1CG x	,
INFORMATION: Changing the Procedure code Procedure Code values. Invalid APC records w				
* Goods Description				
Grated cheese				

1. Enter the **Commodity Code** for the goods

	* Commodity Code	
		•
2	If you are unsure what your commodity code is, please click this link which will tak you to the HMRC tariff tool.	æ

If you are unsure what your commodity code is, use the link to the HMRC tariff tool or visit <u>GOV.UK</u> to look up the correct commodity code.

2. The TSS Portal also allows users to search for Commodity Codes by short description





Goods Information		
Commodity Code		
		_
		۹
0101210000	Pure-bred breeding animals	
0101291000	For slaughter	
0101299000	Other	
0101300000	Asses	
0101900000	Other	
0102211000	Heifers (female bovines that have never calved)	

 Some goods movements will require the addition of National Additional Code(s) for some Commodity Codes. For more details on this field, refer to the <u>Data guide: TSS</u> <u>declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA

**Note:** If you wish to add multiple **National Additional Code(s)**, you can do so at the bottom of the item page. For more details, see the relevant <u>National Additional Codes</u> section of this guide. You cannot enter more than one VAT code.

Ν	lational Additional Code(s)	
	None	
		Q,
ľ	None	
	VATE	
	VATR	
	VATZ	

 Some goods may require a TARIC Additional Code to be entered (for example, vehicles with Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS) will have the choice between 4115 or 4999 TARIC Additional Codes)

If applicable, this will be listed in the <u>EU TARIC tool</u> or listed as required for the commodity code on the Northern Ireland Online Tariff on <u>GOV.UK</u>. These codes indicate that there may be additional duty payable, for example duty applicable to some dairy or sugar products (identified by a Meursing code) or Anti-Dumping Duty (ADD). In some cases, more than one TARIC additional code could be supplied per item. **If this applies, all codes must be entered in single string (no blank spaces between them).** 

TARIC Additional Code	
<b></b>	_

5. The **Country of Origin** is used to classify where goods were produced (or substantially transformed) and is used to determine duty rates. This will be mandatory unless you are



claiming preference, in which case you are certifying that your goods satisfy the rules of origin of a specific trade agreement

Country of Origin	
	*
*Country of Preferential Origin	
	*

When moving controlled goods, if preference is being claimed and electronic licensing is being used to move goods, you should enter 'country of origin on the licence' into this field and 'country associated with the preference claim' into the **Country of Preferential Origin** field.

- It is imperative that you check the rules of origin on the trade agreement to make sure that you are compliant. These can be found in the UK's trade agreements on <u>GOV.UK</u>
- If your products are entering NI in free circulation, then you will need to check the appropriate preference under the EU free trade agreements and preference programs

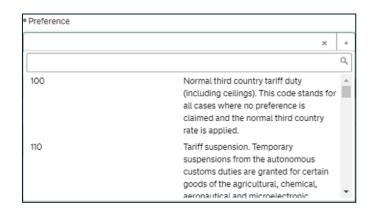
See the 'Can you claim preferential tariffs as a result of EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement for GB to NI movements?' section of the <u>Tariffs on goods</u> <u>movements into NI</u> guide on NICTA for more support.

- Claiming preferential origin incorrectly on a customs form could lead to fines and penalties
- If you are claiming preference (a tariff benefit under a trade agreement), populate the Country of Preferential Origin field (a country that is part of the trade agreement which the goods are claiming origin for to access the tariff benefit) instead of the Country of Origin
- Preference is a three-digit code that should be completed where the goods are entering a free circulation regime (including end-use), or where a claim to Tariff preference or quotas is established upon entry to the customs procedure

It indicates whether a reduction in, or relief from import duty applies. This includes specific duties and other equivalent charges applicable to Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) goods.







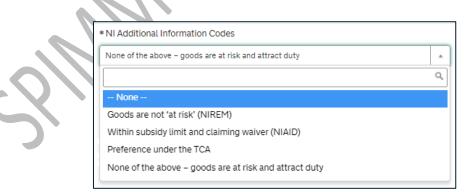
For goods imported from RoW excluding EU into NI and declared with Additional Information Code 'NIIMP', the declaration will be validated against both the UK Integrated Online Tariff and the Northern Ireland Online Tariff. In a limited number of cases the preference code requirements will not match in both tariffs. In such cases refer to <u>GOV.UK</u> (EUPRF guidance) and <u>GOV.UK</u> (Appendix 4B) for further completion instructions.

8. When moving certain chemicals, the eight-digit CUS Code is added to identify the chemical

Review the **Search by Chemical** function on the Northern Ireland Online Tariff (see <u>GOV.UK</u>) to look up the appropriate **CUS Code**.

CUS Cod	e			
L				

9. You will be required to populate the **NI Additional Information Codes** field and declare if you are claiming an option to reduce the duty you pay



Consult Appendix 4B on <u>GOV.UK</u> for a description and usage of codes and then select from the following options:

• 'Goods are '**NOT at risk'** (NIREM)'



You can select this option if you are authorised under the UKIMS and you can identify that your goods are 'not at risk' (see <u>GOV.UK</u> for further details).

- 'Within subsidy limit and claiming a customs duty waiver (NIAID)'
  - If you choose this option, in conjunction with 'NIDOM' in the field Goods domestic status, then the applicable duty will be offset against your customs duty waiver allowance
  - If 'NIIMP' is selected as the status of the goods, then the difference between the EU and UK tariff will be the amount of duty that is offset against the customs duty waiver allowance
- 'Preference under the TCA', the Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA) established between the EU and the UK sets out preferential arrangements
- 'None of the above' indicates that goods are at risk of moving to the EU and attract duty

If you would like to learn more about options to reduce the duty you pay (for example, what it means to declare your goods 'not at risk', claim a customs duty waiver on 'at risk' goods or claim preference under the TCA), see the <u>Tariffs on goods movements into</u> <u>NI</u> guide on NICTA.

Note that if you select 'Preference under the TCA', you will be prompted to populate **Country of Preferential Origin**. For details on what this means, see the <u>Data guide: TSS</u> <u>declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA.

Preference under the TCA	
When using the EU TCA, Preference needs to be completed with code 30	0. Country of Preferential
Origin needs to be an EU MS and Documents needs to be completed with	
U110. U111 or U112.	rone or the rollowing coue

10. Enter the **Procedure Code**; for example, where items are released into free circulation, with no previous procedure in GB, this will be '4000'

Release to free circulation
Release to free circulation after IP
Release to free circulation after TA
Release to free circulation from a CW
Release to free circulation from a FZ

11. The Additional Procedure Code will specify where the importer has customs requirements above and beyond the standard procedure



The standard TSS default code will be '000', which indicates no additional conditions apply. You should go through the conditions for all possible **Additional Procedure Codes** in relation to your **Procedure Code** before declaring '000'.

'000' should only be selected if no other **Additional Procedure Code**, from those available, applies to the unique circumstances/conditions of the movement.

For controlled goods, the additional procedure codes of '1CG' for controlled goods or '1CD' for controlled drugs must be entered.

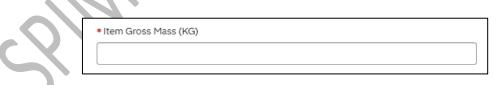
* Additional Procedure Code			
	×	*	
		Q,	
000			XX
0GD			
1BN			
1CD			
1CG			
1DP			
1EB			
1EC		*	

12. Populate the **Goods Description** field with a plain language description of the goods that is precise enough for customs to be able to identify what the goods are

For guidance on what an acceptable goods description should contain, including examples, see the <u>Goods Description Guide</u> on NICTA.

* Goods Description	
	]

13. Confirm the Item Gross Mass (weight) in kilograms for all packages; the weight (Item Gross Mass) needs to include all packaging (but not the carrier's equipment)



14. Add the Net Mass in kilograms, which excludes packaging

Net Mass (weight) is mandatory for all items.

**Note:** Packaging is defined as materials and components used in any packaging operation to wrap, contain, or protect the goods during transport. **Net Mass** must be equal to or less than the value you have populated for **Item Gross Mass**.



Net Mass (KG)		

15. Populate the **Supplementary Units** field if the commodity code must be described not only by mass, but by a second measure such as volume in litres

Supplementary Units	

If applicable, this will be listed in the Northern Ireland Online Tariff (see <u>GOV.UK</u>) under the 'Value' column of 'Import measures and restrictions for the commodity code'. Where required, enter the supplementary units as a number.

When supplementary units are mandatory and there is no entry in this field, the following help text is returned at the bottom of the page.

Tariff Requirements
SUPPLEMENTARY UNITS Supplementary Units required for the Commodity Code and Country of Origin/Country of Preferential Origin selected.

16. Statistical Value is a numerical value that may be required in certain circumstances

See the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements</u> on NICTA for more information on when **Statistical Value** is required.

Statistical Value

 Tax Type code identifies the kind of duty or tax to be paid or secured, depending on the commodities being declared and the Procedure and Additional Procedure Codes entered – this corresponds to the tax base unit and tax base quantity

You can override the **Tax Type** where you have been authorised by HMRC. See <u>GOV.UK</u> for a full list of tax types. This field is used to declare additional duties and taxes.

Tax Type	
None	Ŧ

18. The Tax Base Quantity is the quantity of the goods and is based on the Tax Base Units





For example, if the **Tax Base Unit** is LTR (litres), enter the quantity in litres. If this field is required for the goods, it will show as mandatory.

Tax Base Quantity	

19. A Tax Base Unit will need to be declared on a Supplementary Declaration where the commodity code requires the declaration of a third quantity for goods clearance and controls (for example, you need to enter pure alcohol content for certain alcoholic beverages)

The field is structured as follows: the measurement unit code is a three-letter code, and a qualifier (if present) is a single letter to indicate which type of third quantity is being entered.

Tax Base Unit		
GBP*	×	
		0
EUK	Euro (used for statistical surveillance)	
FC1	Factor	
FC1X	Factor Hectolitre	ł
GBP*	Pounds (£) Sterling	
GFI	Gram of fissile isotopes	
GP1	Gross Production	
GP1X	Gross Production Hectolitre	1
GRM	Gram	

You can check measurement codes and their descriptions on GOV.UK.

Based on the **Commodity Code** and **Country of Origin** information entered, the system will provide you with guidance on the range of applicable **Tax Base Units** to enter (see screenshot below). This guidance is found in the **Tariff Requirements** section of the declaration, near the end of the page.

TAX BASE UNITS	
A tax base unit entry is needed to make a valid declaration for the Commodity Code and Country of Origin/Country of Preferential Origin selected, valid entries are LTR, LPA, HLT, ASI	ſ

Additional Tax Base Units can be added in the Tax Bases tab, at the bottom of the page.

Document Reference 5	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 1	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure	
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines					
■ Tax Bases New						
No records in Tax Bases us	ing that filter					



20. The **Item Price / Amount** is the amount charged for the item and the currency used, as listed on the invoice – this field is mandatory

Where Valuation Methods other than Method 1 are used, the Item Price / Amount will be the customs value of the goods before any additions or deductions (see above). Check the 'Working out the customs value of your imported goods' guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u> for details.

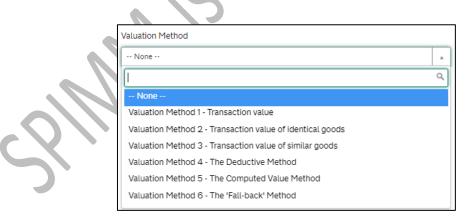
* Item Price / Amount	•	Item Currency	
			*

- 21. The **Item Currency** is the currency used to invoice the goods. A table of available currencies and their corresponding codes can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>
- 22. The Valuation Method is the method used to determine the customs value of the goods

'Valuation Method 1 – Transaction value' is used for most international goods movements, where the value of the goods declared is based on the actual price of the goods shown on the seller's invoice or other document against which payment is being made. Valuation Method 1 is the usual method of valuation and applies to over 90% of situations.

For cases in which there is no transaction value, or where the transaction value is not acceptable because the price has been distorted, importers need to consider, in hierarchical order, Valuation Methods 2 to 6 and apply the method that suits the case.

'Working out the customs value of your imported goods' guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u> gives an overview of all Valuation Methods and the requirements for each.



23. Valuation Indicator is a four-digit code that shows whether the invoice price for goods was affected by four specific factors – if any code other than '0000' is selected, then Valuation Method 1 cannot be used



*Valuation Indicator	
0000	
	Q
None	
0000	
0001	
0010	1
0011	
0100	
0101	

24. The Nature of Transaction is a one-digit or two-digit code describing the nature of the transaction, such as an outright sale, the return of goods, or aid shipments; the second digit is optional and may be left blank

A simple table setting out the relevant codes can be found on <u>GOVUK</u>. **Note**: if valuation by transaction value (Valuation Method 1) is being used, this should always be entered as '1'.

_			
	Valuation Method	*Valuation Indicator	
l	None 🛛	None	•
	*Nature of Transaction	*Package Marks	
	None 🛛 🔻		
L			

25. The Package Marks will be auto-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration

Where goods are containerised, the container number can be entered here to replace the shipping marks.

* Package Marks	
× .	
* Type of Packages	
None	
	Type of Packages

26. Update the Number of Packages and the Type of Packages from the drop-down list

* Number of Packages	* Type of Packages	
	None	ך
* Invoice Number	٩	J
		4
	Aerosol	
	Bag	
	Bale, compressed	
	Barrel	
	Belt	
	Bottle, gas	

27. Input the Invoice Number



Note that TSS will populate the invoice as a document to declare with the reference number provided. Where multiple invoices apply to the goods item, they can be entered as a range rather than listing each individual invoice reference number.

* Number of Packages	* Type of Packages
	Boxes v
* Invoice Number	Quota Order Number

28. The Quota Order Number field should be completed for movements from the RoW excluding EU to NI if you intend to make a claim for quota that is available on the commodity

Enter the order number of the tariff quota that applies and the Additional Information code NIQUO will automatically be added in the Additional Information tab by TSS, to satisfy declaration completion requirements on claiming Quota

	Quota Order Number	
9. Clic	k Save (Ctrl + s) to save your progress	Le.
	* Nature of Transaction	* Package Marks
	T1 *	BX-1234228/34
	* Number of Packages	* Type of Packages
	200	Boxes *
	*Invoice Number	
	Delete Item Save and Add New	Save (Ctrl + s)

30. If you wish to add more item lines to your consignment, use the Save and Add New button to open a new item line record

The system will save the current item line record and automatically open a new goods item line record for you to complete.

*Nature of Transaction	* Package Marks
11 v	BX-1234228/34
*Number of Packages	* Type of Packages
200	Boxes
*Invoice Number	
Delete Item Save and Add New	Save (Ctrl + s)



31. The Tariff Requirements section will appear near the bottom of the page at the item line after saving

You will receive guidance on the various Document Codes that relate to your goods based on the **Commodity Code** and the **Country of Origin** and/or **Country of Preferential Origin** entered.

f Requirements	
CUMENT REQUIREMENTS	
port control - CITES	
Other conditions	
400: Presentation of the required "CITES" certificate. Commission Reg 160/2017 amending Council Reg (EC) No 338/97 on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regul.	ating
de therein. See also Document Codes, C635, C638 and Y900 - Import/export allowed after control	
900: Declared goods do not belong to the Washington Convention (CITES) Commission Reg 160/2017 amending Council Reg (EC) No 338/97 on the protection of species of wild faur	ла
d flora by regulating trade therein. See also Document Codes C400, C635 and C638 - Import/export allowed after control	
port control of organic products	
Presentation of a certificate/licence/document	
644: Certificate of inspection for organic products. Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No	5
92/91. See also document code Y929 - Import/export allowed after control	
3	
929: Goods not concerned by Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 (organic products) Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products and	
pealing Regulation (EEC) No 2092/91. See also document code C644 - Import/export allowed after control	
terinary control	
Presentation of a certificate/licence/document	
640: Common Health Entry Document for Animals (CHED-A) (as set out in Part 2, Section A of Annex II to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1715 (OJ L 261)), used for	
imals referred to in point (a) of Article 47(1) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625) - Import/export allowed after control	
IPPLEMENTARY UNITS	
pplementary Units required for the Commodity Code and Country of Origin/Country of Preferential Origin selected.	

- 32. The **Document Code** suggestions will appear in the following format:
  - Document Code: description of the code

If you see multiple codes appear (for example, Y929 and C644 in the screenshot above), you must choose the ONE correct code to enter in the **Document Code** field. Refer to the <u>instructions below on Document Codes</u> for advice on selecting the correct code for your situation.

You can also review guidance on how to correctly identify and enter **Document Codes** on your declaration in the <u>Document Code Guide</u> on NICTA.

#### 4.3.3 Related records at the item line

You will then see several tabs to supplement the information provided in the earlier fields of this section:

- 1. Document Reference
- 2. Tax Bases
- 3. Item Valuation
- 4. Additional Information
- 5. Detail Previous Document
- 6. Additional Procedure





#### 7. National Additional Codes

#### 8. Duty Lines

Document Reference 4	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information (3)	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines				
Document Reference	New				
Document Code	Docu	ment Reference			Document Status
N935	INV2	232			AC
C505	XICG	U0000123400052	0201123091141		
C512	XISD	E00001234000112	0201123091141		
C506	XIDP	D0012345			
<ul> <li>Rows 1 - 4 o</li> </ul>	f 4				

1. Use the **Document Reference** tab if the movement requires declaration of additional documents, certificates, or references

For more details on when these are required, refer to the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration</u> <u>data requirements</u> guide on NICTA.

Where populated in the Entry Summary Declaration, the **Document Reference(s)** will be auto-populated into the associated Supplementary Declaration, including references entered at the item line, but can be edited if needed.

To add **Document References**, select **New**. You will be presented with several fields to populate.

Document Reference 4	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 3	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines				
Document Reference	New				
Document Code	Docu	iment Reference			Document Status
N935	INV2	232			AC
C505	XICG	U0000123400052	20201123091141		
C512	XISD	E00001234000112	20201123091141		
C506	XIDP	00012345			
< > Rows 1 - 4 of					

#### To complete the **Document Reference** see below:

 Document Code: enter the correct Document Code to specify the type of document being declared

Use the **Document Code** guidance provided in the **Tariff Requirements** section to populate this field with the correct codes. Where populated in the Simplified



Frontier Declaration, the **Document Code** and **Document Reason** will be autopopulated into the associated Supplementary Declaration but can be edited if needed.

If you wish to add more **Document References** against the same goods item line, use the **Save and Add New** button to open a new record. The system will save the current **Document Reference** record and will automatically open a new one for you to complete.

		eclaration related fields, please refer to <u>this guide</u> . please refer to <u>these user guides and videos</u> .	
XIEIR000012340005120231031133254			Ø
Document Reference			
tem Reference		* Document Code	
ML-10935-011	Ψ.	C514	× *
Document Reference		Document Status	
XIEIR000012340005i20231031133254			•
Document Part Reference			
Document Reason			
Writing Off			
Currency		Date of Validity	
	*	DD/MM/YYYY	<b></b>
Amount		Issuing Authority	
Quantity		Measurement Unit	
			*

When selecting the **Document Code**, you will see a description of the code in the dropdown.

■ XICGU00001234000520201123091141			0)
Document Reference Item Reference	* Document Code		
Sprint 36 Testing Over 365 v	C505	×	*
* Document Reference	C505	(	۹
XICGU00001234000520201123091141         Document Part Reference	C505	Where Comprehensive Guarantee is Required CGU - Authorisation for the provision of a comprehensive guarantee, including possible reduction or waiver (Column 4a, Annex A of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/2446). (See following code for when a guarantee is not required) For cases where a comprehensive guarantee is not required (including deferment	•

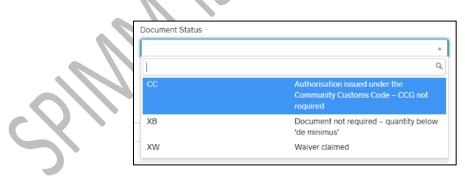


You can also review guidance on how to correctly identify and enter **Document Codes** on your declaration in the **Document Code Guide** on NICTA.

• Document Reference and Document Part Reference / Document Reason: once you have selected the correct Document Code, you will see help text appear that explains what information needs to be entered into the Document Reference and Document Reason fields

tem Reference		Document Code		
Granny Smith Apples, grown in Dorset UK, for human consumption	Ψ.	C505	×	•
Document Reference		Document Status		
XICGU00001234000520201123091141		None		•
Document Part Reference				
Document Reason				

- **Document Reference**: this is typically the reference number on the document, certificate, or licence
- **Document Part Reference**: this is typically the line reference numbers where a licence/certificate has many products associated with it
- **Document Reason**: this is typically a written description of the reason for the document
- Document Status: you will be presented with a drop-down list that shows you the valid options for the Document Code provided, with a description of the Document Status. This will be updated if the Document Code is changed



• Writing Off: This is required for goods where the document being declared refers to a specific quantity. For example, a licence allows 1000 litres to be imported and the declaration is for 200 litres. This field is usually only required for licences and certificates

Writing Off		
Currency	Date of Validity	
	<b>v</b>	î
Amount	Issuing Authority	
Quantity	Measurement Unit	

2. The Tax Bases tab is used to add multiple Tax Base Units, Tax Base Quantities and associated Tax Types

Tax Bases - new record		Ø
Tax Bases		
Item Reference	Tax Type	
EOH Goods	• None	•
Tax Base Quantity	Tax Base Unit	
		×
Payable Tax Amount	* Payable Tax Currency	7
	Pounds Sterling	Ψ
Method of Payment		
Card Payment through TSS	Ψ	

3. The **Item Valuation** tab is used to specify when there are additions and deductions at an item line that are not included in the invoice

**Note:** you must not repeat additions and deductions already included at the consignment (header) level.

Document Reference 🕢	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 🚺	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure	
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines					
■ Document Reference	New					
Document Code	Docu	ment Reference			Document Status	
C512	XISDE000012340001/20201123091141					
C505	XICGU0000123400120201123091141					
C506 XIDP00012341						
N935	inv123					
< > Rows 1 - 4 or	f 4					

To add the item valuation, select **New**. You will be presented with a number of fields to populate.

Supplementar	y Decla	rations	: Step-	by-step	guid	le
--------------	---------	---------	---------	---------	------	----

Item Valuation - new record		
Item Valuation		
Item Record	Item Addition / Deduction Code	
Granny Smiths apples grown in Dorset UK for human consumption. $\sp{w}$ .	None	
Item Addition / Deduction Value	Item Addition / Deduction Currency	
	Pounds Sterling	

 The Additional Information tab – some items require Additional Information Codes to be attached to them

				1			
Document Reference 🗿	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 1	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure		
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines			3			
$\equiv$ Additional Information	New						
Additional Information Code Additional Information Description							
NIDOM							
< > Rows 1 - 1 of	1						

Click **New** to add **Additional Information Codes**. You will be presented with two editable fields.

Additional Information			
Item Record		Additional Information Code	
Granny Smiths apples grown in Dorset UK for human c	onsumption. v		
Additional Information Description			

5. The **Detail Previous Documents** tab follows the same structure as the consignment (header) level, but is used where a previous document is to be declared for a single item within the declaration

Document Reference 🕢	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 1	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines				
Detail Previous Docum	ent New				

Click New to add a Previous Document. You will be presented with three editable fields:



Detail Previous Document			
em Reference		Previous Document Type	
Granny Smiths apples grown in Dorset UK for human consumption.	Ψ	None	
revious Document Reference		Previous Document Class	
		None	

 The Additional Procedures tab is used to enter more than one Additional Procedure Code for an item

The first Additional Procedure Code can be entered into the Additional Procedure Code field in the goods information section of the declaration. Any further codes should then be added sequentially to this table.

Note: Additional Procedure Code '000' can only be used when no other Additional Procedure code applies.

Document Reference	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information 1	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines				
Additional Procedure	New				

Click **New** to add an **Additional Procedure code**. You will be presented with the option to input an **Additional Procedure Code**.

Additional Procedure			
Goods Reference		*Additional Procedure Code	
Granny Smiths apples grown in Dorset UK for human consumption.	Ψ.		¥

7. The National Additional Codes tab is used when you need to add more than one National Additional Code for your item

Document Reference	Tax Bases	Item Valuation	Additional Information	Detail Previous Document	Additional Procedure
National Additional Codes	Duty Lines				
Document Reference	New				

Click **New** to add a **National Additional Code**. You will be presented with the option to input a **National Additional Code**.

National Additional Codes - new record		
National Additional Codes		
Item Reference	National Additional Code	
Granny Smith Apples, grown in Dorset UK, for human consumption		

 The Duty lines tab will be used to view charges calculated once your Supplementary Declaration has been submitted, and will list any payments associated with your item. An overview of tax Type Codes can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>

National Additional Codes	Duty Lines 6		K
Duty Lines			
Type Code		Payment Amount	
450		5.00	
\$50		5.00	
B05		1.00	
			-

### 5 Submission of the Supplementary Declaration

The submission of the Supplementary Declaration occurs after you have populated all the information at the consignment (header) level and item line. On submission, the declaration is sent to CDS, which is the UK's single customs platform for completion of declarations. CDS calculates if there is any customs debt arising from the information declared for the goods.

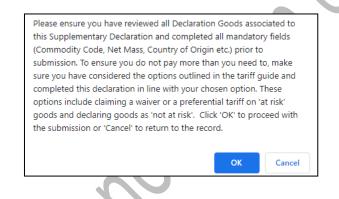
1. Click the top of the page to navigate to the consignment (header) level



 If you have completed all the data required for the submission of the declaration, navigate to the Submit button on the consignment (header) level under Invoices and Goods Supplementary Declarations: Step-by-step guide

		Support Service
Invoices and Goods		
Warehouse Identifier		Supervising Customs Office
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Exchange Rate		*INCOTERM
		Delivered at place 🔹
*Location of Goods		* Delivery Location Country
Belfast Port (TEST) (GBAUBELBELBEL)	•	United Kingdom x v
Location of Goods (if not in list above)		* Delivery Location Town
		Belfast
* Use Postponed VAT Accounting?		UN/LOCODE
No	Ψ.	Y
Add to Periodic Declaration Convert to IMMI Submit		Save (Ctrl + s)

3. A pop-up will ask you to confirm that fields have been populated correctly



4. If you have made any amendments to auto-populated fields, you will be asked for a justification

	Amendments Justification	x
	Have you made any changes in this declaration to pre-filled information inherited from th frontier declaration?	e
	If so then please provide a justification for the changes in the box below and click 'Yes'. Otherwise leave the box blank and click 'No.'	
Χ.	•	
	No	s

TSS will inform HMRC of any changes made to data fields pre-populated from the Entry Summary Declaration / Simplified Frontier Declaration and will ask for a justification for the change in the following scenarios:

• Where goods declared as non-controlled at the Entry Summary Declaration stage are being changed to be declared as controlled



- Where Goods Domestic Status has changed from 'NIIMP' to 'NIDOM'
- Where the Importer EORI has been amended
- Changes to Custom Supervising Office in cases of special procedures
- Any other changes to Procedure Code or Additional Procedure Code
- Introduction of prohibition and restriction codes in the Document References field where not previously included
- In cases with controlled goods and electronic licences only, where the change may require the revision of quantities reserved/attributed against electronic licences when inherited values are changed in the Supplementary Declaration for:
  - DUCR
  - Document Code and Document Reference ID
  - Exporter EORI, Exporter name, Exporter street and number, Exporter city, Exporter country and Exporter postcode
  - Importer EORI
  - Item Price
  - Net Mass
  - Supplementary Units
  - Commodity Code
  - TARIC Additional Code
  - Total Packages
- 5. When submitting or re-processing your Supplementary Declaration, the TSS system will validate the parties involved in the declaration (for example, Carrier, Haulier, ENS Submitter and Exporter) against your **Related Parties** in the Company profile

If one or more of the parties mentioned in the roles of Carrier, Haulier, ENS Submitter and Exporter <u>do not exist</u> in the <u>Related Parties</u> list **OR** they <u>do exist</u> in the <u>Related</u> <u>Parties list but</u> have <u>Authorised</u> set to 'No' or 'None' then the following validation popup will be displayed:

Related Parties	×
This declaration includes parties not currently "authorised" under your F your account profile. By proceeding to submit this declaration, any name added as "authorised" to the Related Parties unless previously specified by the primary account holder. Do you wish to proceed?	ed parties will be
с	onfirm Cancel



Press either **Confirm** or **Cancel**. For further details on the functionality for traders to specify and manage declaration **Related Parties** see <u>How to use the TSS Portal</u> on NICTA.

6. If you are completing more than one Supplementary Declaration for an Entry Summary Declaration, you will be asked 'Before submitting, please check all 'amount' fields have been attributed accurately across all Supplementary Declarations'

Once you have confirmed this, the **Status** of the declaration will move into 'Submitted' and quickly to 'Processing'.

If the **declaration cannot be processed due to an error**, and/or the status is shown as 'Trader Input Required' a notification will be sent via email with instructions to return to the TSS Portal and navigate to the Supplementary Declarations (by consignment) section.

7. To find the Supplementary Declaration that you need to amend, go to the section Input Required SUP Declarations in the TSS Portal or use the Quick Filter; Supplementary Declarations (SD): Input Required and open the relevant Supplementary Declaration and review the error message at the top of the page

Home > View C	Soods Movements				Search all	Goods Movements	
In preparation for the	simplified processes fo		vements (SPIMM), this pa <u>TA learning platform</u> abo			s in the list below have	been renamed. Lea
View Go	ods Move	ment					
Quick Filters							
	Pre-movem	ent to-dos			Post-mover	ment to-dos	
Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Draft 4225	Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Input Required 851	Full Frontier Declarations (FFD): Input Required 561	Simplified Frontier Declarations (SFD): Input Required 1598	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Draft 6677	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Input Required 1231	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Overdue 7947	Supplementary Declarations (SU Pending payments 3
Select Type and S	Status to view Good	ds Movements a	nd Declarations				
Туре				Status			
Goods Movements (	by movement)		~	Draft SUP Declarations			
Goods Movement (b	y consignment)		•	Input Required SUP De	clarations		
Internal Market Mov	ement Information (by c	onsignment)	•	Processing SUP Declar	ations		
SFD Declarations (b)	y movement)		~	Pending Payment SUP Declarations			
SFD Declarations (b)	y consignment)		~	Tax Calculation Verifica	tion Declarations		
Supplementary Decl	arations (by consignmer	nt)	×	Payment Received SUP	Declarations		
Post Movement Inter	rnal Market Movement I	nformation (by consig	anment) 🗸	Final Processing SUP D	eclarations		

8. Navigate into the declaration and make the appropriate changes – you will receive an error message below the first section of the declaration that will detail the issue

≡ SUP00000000059731			Ø
Supplementary Declaration			
Local Reference Number		SFD Declaration Reference	
SUP0000000059731		DEC0000000323416	*
*Goods Domestic Status		Status	
NIIMP (Non-UK domestic status goods)	*	Trader Input Required	٣
*Which type of declaration do you intend to make		*Any procedure(s) not currently supported by TSS?	
Declaration for release for free circulation or end-use (includes 07XX, 40XX, 42X	0X, 4 v	No	٣
Your choice of declaration will restrict your options for procedure selecti within the declaration category selected. Please see TSS guidance for fur		No' - all items in the consignment are being submitted into procedures supported TSS, with no additional procedure except those corresponding to the supported additional procedures. Yes' - one or more items in the consignment do not fit the above criteria	by
Error Message			

See the <u>Guidance on resolution to common error codes for Supplementary and Full</u> <u>Frontier Declarations</u> on NICTA for further support with error codes.

You can also view the <u>Introduction to error messages</u> video or get in touch with the <u>TSS</u> <u>Contact Centre</u> for support on 0800 060 8888.

9. Once you have made the relevant changes and saved them, select the **Reprocess** button at the bottom of the consignment page:

Location of Goods (if not in list above)	* Delivery Location Town	
	Belfast	
* Use Postponed VAT Accounting?	UN/LOCODE	
No		
Add to Periodic Declaration Convert to IMMI Reprocess		Save (Ctrl + s)

- 10. Once the Supplementary Declaration has been processed, TSS will notify you by email if VAT and/or duty payments are due, with instructions on how to arrange payment
- 11. If your declaration is successful, depending on the method of payment the declaration will:
  - Move to 'Closed' status if no customs debt is due (for example, if there is zero rate duty)
  - Move to 'Closed' status if you are using your own DDA with sufficient funds
  - Moved to 'Pending Payment' status if you are using the TSS DDA and there is customs debt



# 6 How do I edit a Supplementary Declaration submitted to CDS?

#### 6.1 Amending payment when status is 'Pending Payment'

It is highly recommended that where you have payment due, you ensure you have reviewed the <u>Tariffs on goods movements into NI</u> guide on NICTA as it covers a number of schemes and options available that can reduce the payments you have to make.

If you have not used the options outlined above, or you did not populate your information correctly, you should return your Supplementary Declaration to 'Draft' status to make amendments.

- To return your declaration to 'Draft' status, click on Goods Movements at the top of the TSS Portal home page and then click on View a Goods Movement
- Find the Supplementary Declarations (by consignment) section on the left-hand side of the page followed by Pending Payment SUP Declarations or use the Quick Filter; Supplementary Declarations (SD) Pending payment to display all declarations in pending payment state:

Home > View G	ioods Movements				Search al	l Goods Movements	
In preparation for the	simplified processes fo		vements (SPIMM), this pa <u>TA learning platform</u> abo			is in the list below have	been renamed. I
View Goo	ods Move	ment					
Quick Filters							
	Pre-movem	ent to-dos			Post-move	ment to-dos	
Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Draft 4225	Entry Summary Declarations (ENS): Input Required 851	Full Frontier Declarations (FFD): Input Required 561	Simplified Frontier Declarations (SFD): Input Required 1598	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Draft 6677	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Input Required 1231	Supplementary Declarations (SD): Overdue 7947	Supplement Declarations ( Pending payn 3
Select Type and S	itatus to view Good	ds Movements a	nd Declarations				
Туре				Status			
Goods Movements (8	oy movement)		~	Draft SUP Declarations	5		
Goods Movement (b)	y consignment)		~	Input Required SUP De	eclarations		
Internal Market Move	ment Information (by c	onsignment)	~	Processing SUP Declar	rations		
SFD Declarations (by	movement)		~	Pending Payment SUP	Declarations		
SFD Declarations (by	consignment)		~	Tax Calculation Verifica	ation Declarations		
Supplementary Deck	arations (by consignmer	nt)	×	Payment Received SU	P Declarations		
Post Movement Inter	nal Market Movement I	nformation (by consig	nment) 🗸	Final Processing SUP [	Declarations		

- Select the Supplementary Declaration you wish to edit
- Click the Recall to Draft button in the Payment Summary section





• The Supplementary Declaration will be returned to 'Draft' status, and you will be able to edit fields again

SUP00000005000858			
Payment Due: £1.97			
- VAT: £0.00 - Duty: £1.97 - Excise: £0.00			
Total Amount Payable: £1.97			
- VAT: £0.00 - Duty: £1.97 - Excise: £0.00			
Recall to Draft		_	ay Now

Once certain you have populated all fields correctly, complete the declaration by clicking **Submit** at the bottom of the consignment page.

You will be asked **Have you made any changes in this declaration to pre-filled information inherited from the frontier declaration?** If you answer 'Yes', you will need to indicate the justification for the amendment. TSS will inform HMRC of any changes made and they may contact you if further information is required.

If you are using your own Duty Deferment Account (DDA), submission of the Supplementary Declaration in TSS is required **by the tenth calendar day of the month following the goods movement.** 

Each Supplementary Declaration customs debt due will be charged against your DDA and the Supplementary Declaration will automatically be processed and moved to the **Closed SUP Declarations** section.

For additional details, refer to the <u>Payments: Step-by-step guide using TSS</u> guide on NICTA.

# 6.2 What do I do if I have underpaid duty or VAT?

Use form C2001CDS (on <u>GOV.UK</u>) to make a voluntary disclosure of underpayments arising on the import of goods, where extra duty or VAT is due.

For the completion of the voluntary amendment the following information is required:

- Movement Reference Number (MRN) of the Supplementary Declaration against which you are making the voluntary amendment. Note: your MRN will have been emailed to you by TSS
- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Importer

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- Name, address, telephone number and EORI of the Representative
- Original Procedure Code and Additional Procedure Codes
- Revised Procedure Code and Additional Procedure Codes, if changed
- Commodity Code including item number and data element (DE) number in the Customs Declaration System (see the <u>Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements</u> guide for a mapping of TSS data fields to CDS data elements)
- Details of and reason for the amendment
- Underpayment details such as the amount of any duty or VAT paid already. In addition, you'll need details of amount of duty or VAT owed to HMRC and evidence of the amounts owed

For further guidance on how to make a voluntary clearance amendment (underpayment) see <u>GOV.UK</u>.

For help on using the TSS Portal to find the right Supplementary Declaration or to download or export your declaration, see the <u>How to use the TSS Portal</u> guide on NICTA.

#### 6.3 What do I do if I have overpaid duty or VAT?

Use form C285CDS (on <u>GOV.UK</u>) to claim for repayment if you've overpaid import duty and VAT. You'll be applying under the Union Customs Code (UCC) legislation as your goods arrived in NI.

To apply for a repayment of import duty and VAT if you've overpaid, the following information is required:

- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Importer
- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Representative
- Movement Reference Number (MRN) of the Supplementary Declaration against which you are applying for repayment of duties. Note: your MRN will have been emailed to you by TSS
- Commercial invoice for the imported goods
- Packing list
- Transport documents
- Amount of Import Duty or VAT that was paid to HMRC
- Amount that should have been paid to HMRC

For further guidance on how to apply for repayment of import duty and VAT, see GOV.UK.

For help on using the TSS Portal to find the right Supplementary Declaration or to download or export your declaration, see the <u>How to use the TSS Portal</u> guide on NICTA.



### 6.4 How do I claim duty and/or VAT on rejected imports?

You can claim repayment of import duty and VAT on goods moved into NI which you subsequently rejected, providing certain conditions are met, as explained below.

#### 6.4.1 Conditions for claiming

You can claim for a repayment of charges on goods, on which they have been charged import duties (including import VAT) **at the UK border**, and the goods:

- Are the same goods from the original customs declaration and you have subsequently rejected because they:
  - Do not meet the conditions of the contract, and/or
  - Are defective, and/or
  - Are damaged before customs clearance
- Have not been used, other than the minimum necessary to establish they were defective or did not meet the conditions of the contract
- Have not been sold after having found to be defective, damaged, or not meeting the conditions of the contract
- Will be re-exported or destroyed

You cannot make a claim if you already knew the goods were damaged or defective when the contract for sale was made.

Note: For details on claiming VAT on rejected imports refer to the guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

#### 6.4.2 How to claim and when to apply

For goods imported into NI in TSS, use form C&E1179CDS and follow the guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u>. You must submit:

- Your claim within one year from notification of the debt for rejected imports
- The form C&E1179CDS at least 48 hours before the goods are packed for re-export or destruction

#### 6.4.3 What you'll need

Some of the important information required to support your C&E1179CDS claim (see <u>GOV.UK</u>) is listed below:

- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Representative
- Movement Reference Number (MRN) of the Declaration against which you are applying for repayment of duties and VAT on rejected imports. NOTE: your MRN will have been emailed to you by TSS

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- Commercial invoice for the imported goods or other documentary proof of entitlement
- Calculation worksheet if you're claiming a proportion of the charges paid

For further guidance on how to make a claim of duty or VAT on rejected imports see guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

For help on using the TSS Portal to find the right declaration or to download or export your declaration, see the <u>How to use the TSS Portal</u> guide on NICTA.

#### 6.5 How do I make a claim under the Duty Reimbursement scheme?

#### 6.5.1 What is the Duty Reimbursement scheme

As a result of the Windsor Framework the UK Government introduced a scheme to reimburse the payment of EU duties paid on goods moving into NI declared 'at risk', providing you can supply evidence to show your goods did not enter the EU.

To make a reimbursement claim you must be the importer of record for the original 'at risk' movement into NI, or an agent acting on behalf of the importer of record.

#### 6.5.2 What you can claim

For duty paid or deferred on:

- Movements of goods from GB to NI, you can claim for the full amount
- Imports to NI from a country outside of the UK or EU, if the EU duty was greater than the UK duty at the time of import, you can claim for the difference between the two rates

#### 6.5.3 What you'll need

You will be able to claim reimbursement if you have paid EU duty and you can provide evidence that your goods were not sold or used in the EU. This means that you will need to show that your goods meet one of the following conditions, after you moved them into NI:

- Goods moved from NI to GB
- Goods from NI to a location outside of the UK or the EU
- Goods consumed in NI
- Goods permanently installed in NI
- Goods destroyed in NI
- Goods for retail sale or use in NI

You must provide sufficient evidence to show that the goods you're claiming for meet the conditions under the scheme. Claims can be backdated to January 2021.



Further details on the Duty Reimbursement scheme, all conditions, including examples of evidence you can provide to support your claim can be found on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

# 6.5.4 How to make a claim for a reimbursement of duty paid under the Duty Reimbursement scheme?

You will need to electronically submit a claim including accompanying documents and evidence via a digital form available on <u>GOV.UK</u>.

You can submit claims in **bulk** as long as the claims are all based on the same reimbursement circumstance(condition) as described in the guidance on <u>GOV.UK</u> and listed above.

To apply for a repayment of import duty under the Duty Reimbursement scheme the following information is required:

- Movement Reference Number (MRN) of the Supplementary Declaration against which you are making a claim for repayment of duties under the scheme. **NOTE**: your MRN will have been emailed to you by TSS at the time your Supplementary Declaration closed.
- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Importer
- Name, address, telephone number and EORI number of the Representative
- Claim details (circumstance that applies to your goods brought into NI)
- Supporting evidence for the circumstance that applied
- Details about your goods (you will have to complete a 'goods template')
- Amount of Import Duty paid to HMRC
- Amount of Import Duty that should have been paid to HMRC

# 6.5.5 How TSS can help you identify goods that may be eligible for duty reimbursement under the scheme

To identify declarations completed in TSS for which you paid duties and for which you may be eligible to claim a repayment under the Duty Reimbursement scheme you can use the 'Report of Declarations with Duty Paid' functionality in the TSS Portal and request a report.

Request the Production of a	Use this process to request the production of a Declaration Duty Paid report
Declaration Duty Paid Report	Request Report

This report lists all declarations including their item lines for a single calendar month where duties have been paid.

For a step-by-step guide on how to request a 'Report of Declarations with Duty Paid' from TSS, refer to the <u>How to use the TSS Portal</u> guide on NICTA.



For further guidance on how to apply to claim a repayment or remission of import duty on 'at risk' goods brought into NI through the Duty Reimbursement Scheme refer to <u>GOV.UK</u>.

# 7 I need to know more

There are additional guides available on <u>NICTA</u> to support you with trade into and out of Northern Ireland:

- Data guide: TSS declaration data requirements
- Tariffs on goods movements into NI
- Video of the <u>Supplementary Declarations GB-NI a step-by-step guide</u>
- Video of the <u>Tariffs on goods entering NI what are your options?</u>
- If your Supplementary Declaration cannot be processed due to an error, see the <u>Guidance on resolution to common error codes for the Supplementary Declaration</u> for instructions on how to resolve the most common errors
- <u>Guidance on controlled goods and the Online Tariff Tool</u>
- How to use the TSS Portal
- <u>Simplified processes for Internal Market Movements Introduction guide</u>

You can also consult the <u>TSS Contact Centre</u> for support on 0800 060 8888.



# 8 Appendix: Overview of where Supplementary Declarations are and are not supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure

Below is a list of the journeys where Supplementary Declarations are and are not supported by the TSS Simplified Procedure. Where additional guidance is available (over and above the information contained in this guide), links to support materials have been highlighted.

For any journeys where specific guidance is not available, reach out to the <u>TSS Contact</u> <u>Centre</u> for support on 0800 060 8888.

## 8.1 Supplementary Declarations <u>are</u> supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure for the following scenarios

- Goods movements from GB to NI via RoRo on the TSS Simplified Procedure (Entry Summary Declaration, Simplified Frontier Declaration, Supplementary Declaration) and released into free circulation. Note: the TSS Simplified Procedure is relevant for the majority of GB to NI goods movements on TSS
- Goods movements from GB to NI via RoRo on the TSS Simplified Procedure, where goods are moved under special procedures or relief options supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure and the importer is using their own SCDP authorisation. See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and considerations for data input in TSS</u> <u>declarations</u> guide on NICTA for more details on special procedures and how to use your own SCDP authorisation on TSS.
- Transit goods movements on the GB to NI via Ireland journey (route is 'GB-IE-NI').See the <u>TSS Transit service: a step-by-step guide for traders</u> guide on NICTA for more information.
- Goods movements initially originating from RoW excluding EU, placed in a customs special procedure under duty suspension in GB, and onward movement into NI through non-inventory-linked locations (route is 'RoW excluding EU-GB-NI')
- Goods movements from GB to NI on the TSS Simplified Procedure, where the importer holds a Customs Freight Simplified Procedure (SCDP) authorisation and has completed the initial pre-movement declaration outside of TSS

# 8.2 Supplementary Declarations <u>are not</u> supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure for the following scenarios

- Goods movements from GB to NI via RoRo where the trader is moving goods under special procedures or relief options excluded on the TSS Simplified Procedure
- Goods movements from GB to NI via RoRo where the trader wants to use special procedures or relief options but does not have their own Customs Freight Simplified



Procedure (SCDP) authorisation. In this case, a Full Frontier Declaration is required if the trader is using TSS

See the <u>Reliefs and Duty Suspension: Overview and considerations for data input in TSS</u> <u>declarations</u> guide on NICTA for more details on special procedures and the <u>Full Frontier</u> <u>Declaration: Step-by-step guide</u> on NICTA for more information.

- Goods moved from GB to NI or RoW excluding EU to NI via maritime (sea) or via air into inventory-linked locations; a Full Frontier Declaration is required if the trader is using TSS. See the <u>Full Frontier Declaration: Step-by-step guide</u> on NICTA for more information.
- Goods moved directly from RoW excluding EU to NI via maritime (sea) or via air into non-inventory linked locations; customs declarations are submitted by the trader outside of TSS
- Exports from NI to GB, either direct or via Ireland; customs declarations only required in limited cases

See the <u>Movement of goods from NI to GB: Step-by-step guide</u> guide on NICTA for more information.

 Goods movements from GB to NI where a written customs declaration is not required and goods can be moved without a written declaration, or the goods are declared using an oral or by conduct basis (for example, the haulier is transporting an empty container)

An Entry Summary Declaration may be required in some cases. See the '**How Entry** Summary Declarations work in the TSS process' section of the <u>ENS Step-by-step guide</u>: <u>Standard Process and Consignment First Process</u> guide on NICTA for information on submitting Entry Summary Declarations on TSS without any subsequent customs declarations.

See the <u>Oral Declarations: Checklist for traders</u> guide on NICTA for information on what goods can be moved under an oral declaration or on a by conduct basis and how TSS supports this process.

# 9 Changes to guidance and policy

Last updated March 2025.

March 2025: Windsor Framework updates.

November 2024: Updated to reflect changes to Customs Warehouse Identifier field.

June 2024: Updated to reflect changes in XI EORI.

March 2024: Text amendment regarding use of NIREM and UKIMS.



**January 2024**: Updated details to show how Supplementary declarations, required after goods move, can be completed through TSS.

October 2023: Updated to reflect current status of UKTS and UKIMS.

September 2023: Guide updated with details of the Duty Reimbursement Scheme.

**July 2023:** Section 4 updated to reflect Parent EORI functionality change. Section 3 and 4.3.2. updated to reflect UK Internal Market Scheme (UKIMS) change.

**June 2023:** Updated to reflect Periodic Declarations changes and minor edit to Notice 252 reference.

**April 2023:** Updated to reflect new 'Importer Parent Organisation' field, including reference to new EUPRF guidance and update of visuals.

**February 2023:** Updated to reflect Country of Destination, Import Previous Goods functionality and UCC changes.

January 2023: Updates to Valuation Methods and Dual Tariff.

**December 2022:** Updated to reflect GMR automation on TSS and to reflect TSS Portal redesign.

**October 2022:** Updated to reflect GMR automation on TSS and to reflect TSS Portal redesign.

July 2022: Minor text improvements.

**June 2022:** Updates for auto-generation of Final Supplementary Declaration as the last step on TSS Simplified Procedure and addition of an appendix listing all scenarios supported on the TSS Simplified Procedure.

**April 2022:** Addition of new section on claims for over and underpayments and TSS Simplified Procedure visual.

February 2022: Updates for special procedures on the TSS Simplified Procedure.